

Inglese

PRESENT SIMPLE

Usiamo il Present Simple in frasi che riguardano eventi che riguardano un programma definito, un orario.

Forma: *Simple present*

ES: *The train leaves the station at 9 pm tonight.*

Forma negativa: *do+not (We don't do our homeworks)*

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

Usiamo il Present Continuous in frasi che riguardano un piano definito o un'organizzazione.

Forma: *Present continuous*

ES: *They can't play tennis with you Tomorrow. They are working.*

1) Use

Simple Present	Present Progressive/Continuous
repeated actions	actions happening at the moment of speaking or around the moment of speaking
fixed arrangements, scheduled events (e.g. timetable)	fixed plan in the near future
sequence of actions in the present (first - then, after that)	temporary actions
instructions	trends
things in general	repeated actions which are irritating to the speaker (with always, constantly, forever)
after special verbs	

2) Signal words

Simple Present	Present Progressive/Continuous
always, often, usually, sometimes, seldom, never, every day, every week, every year, on Mondays	now, at the moment, Look!, Listen!

SIMPLE PAST

Si usa il Simple Past per parlare di eventi passati.

ES: *Jessica went to the cinema.*

Forma: REGULAR VERBS: *Forma base+ed (es: ordered)*

IRREGULAR VERBS: *Forma del past simple (vedi tabella sotto)*

Forma negativa: *did+not. (We didn't go to the cinema)*

PRESENT PERFECT

Usiamo il Present Perfect quando parliamo di un'azione che è iniziata nel passato e continua nel presente.

ES: *I have lived in Genoa since 1996.*

Lo usiamo anche per un'azione avvenuta durante un periodo di tempo che non è ancora finito.

ES: *She has played tennis twice this week.*

Infine lo usiamo per azioni in un periodo non specifico tra il passato ed ora.

ES: *We have visited London several times.*

Forma: *has/have+past participle*

N.B: *For* è usato per dire per quanto tempo è andato avanti qualcosa.

Since è usato per dire quando qualcosa è cominciato.

PAST PERFECT

Si usa il Past Perfect quando, parlando al passato, vogliamo parlare di un evento precedente.

ES: *Before his sixth birthday, Marco had never been to the zoo.*

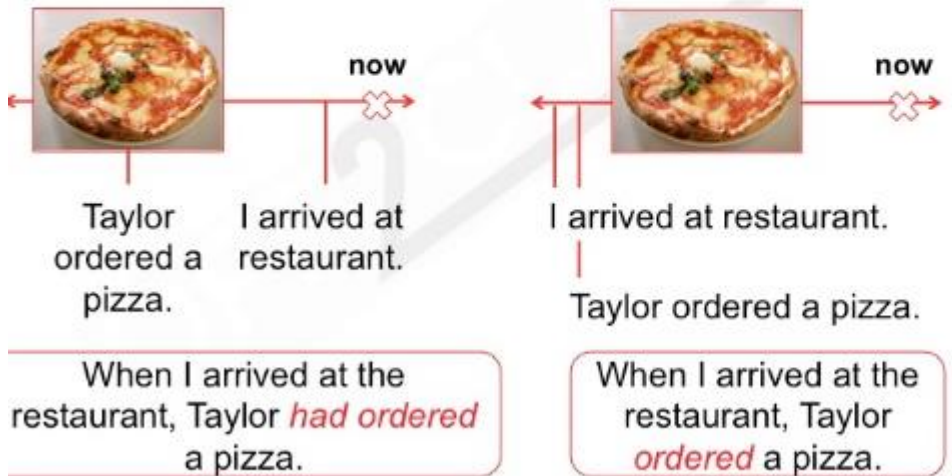
Forma: REGULAR VERBS: *Had+forma base+ed*

IRREGULAR VERBS: *Had+forma del past simple*

Esempio di Past Perfect e Past Simple

Examples

- Jane got up at seven. She opened her birthday presents and then the whole family went to the zoo
- Before her sixth birthday, Jane had never been to the zoo.



Verb	Past Simple	Past Participle
bear	bore	borne / born
become	became	become
begin	began	begun
bite	bit	bitten
break	broke	broken
bring	brought	brought
catch	caught	caught
choose	chose	chosen
come	came	come
do	did	done
drink	drank	drunk
drive	drove	driven
eat	ate	eaten
fall	fell	fallen
feel	felt	felt
fly	flew	flown
freeze	froze	frozen
get	got	gotten / got
go	went	gone
know	knew	known
lay	laid	laid
lead	led	led
lend	lent	lent
lie	lay	lain
lose	lost	lost

TABELLA DEI VERBI IRREGOLARI